3 Angles page (N11)

Description:

A pair of non-adjacent angles formed by two intersecting lines.

Description:

A line that intersects two or more other lines

Description:

Angles formed by two lines and a transversal that are inside of the two lines and on the same side of the transversal.

Description:

Angles formed by two lines and a transversal that are inside of the two lines and on opposite sides of the transversal.

Description:

Angles formed by two lines and a transversal that are in the same relative location in regards to the transversal and the line the transversal intersects.

Description:

Two adjacent angles formed by dividing a straight angle. The two angles are supplementary

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Angles formed by two lines and a transversal that are outside of the two lines and on opposite sides of the transversal.

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3 Angles Page (N12)	3 Angles Page (N12)	3 Angles Page (N12)	3 Angles Page (N12)
Description: The sum of the remote interior angles of a triangle is equal to the exterior angle	Description: The sum of the remote interior angles of a triangle is equal to the exterior angle	Description: The sum of the remote interior angles of a triangle is equal to the exterior angle	Description: The sum of the remote interior angles of a triangle is equal to the exterior angle
Description: The base angles of an isosceles triangle are always congruent. The third angle is called the vertex angle	Description: The base angles of an isosceles triangle are always congruent. The third angle is called the vertex angle	Description: The base angles of an isosceles triangle are always congruent. The third angle is called the vertex angle	Description: The base angles of an isosceles triangle are always congruent. The third angle is called the vertex angle
Description: The sum of consecutive adjacent angles on a line is 180°	Description: The sum of consecutive adjacent angles on a line is 180°	Description: The sum of consecutive adjacent angles on a line is 180°	Description: The sum of consecutive adjacent angles on a line is 180°
Description: The sum of the angles in a triangle is 180°	Description: The sum of the angles in a triangle is 180°	Description: The sum of the angles in a triangle is 180°	Description: The sum of the angles in a triangle is 180°
Description: The sum of consecutive adjacent angles is equal to the measure of the angle that contains them	Description: The sum of consecutive adjacent angles is equal to the measure of the angle that contains them	Description: The sum of consecutive adjacent angles is equal to the measure of the angle that contains them	Description: The sum of consecutive adjacent angles is equal to the measure of the angle that contains them
Description: The sum of the adjacent angles around a point is always 360°	Description: The sum of the adjacent angles around a point is always 360°	Description: The sum of the adjacent angles around a point is always 360°	Description: The sum of the adjacent angles around a point is always 360°
Description: A line added to a diagram to help solve a problem	Description: A line added to a diagram to help solve a problem	Description: A line added to a diagram to help solve a problem	Description: A line added to a diagram to help solve a problem